

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## FIBERFIX Polyesterplast \_EN

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking**

Date issued	06.05.2016
Revision date	13.12.2022

**1.1. Product identifier**

Product name	FIBERFIX Polyesterplast _EN
UFI	S73T-MFN7-A99U-NFTK
Synonyms	Polyester resin
Article no.	100101

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the substance / mixture	Polyester resin.
Industrial use	Yes
Professional use	Yes
Consumer use	Yes

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****Distributor**

Company name	Färg-In AB
Postal address	Bodalsvägen 6
Postcode	SE-681 43
City	Kristinehamn
Country	SWEDEN
Telephone number	+46 55010045
Fax	+46 55081001
Email	<a href="mailto:info@fargin.se">info@fargin.se</a>
Website	<a href="http://www.fargin.se">www.fargin.se</a>
Enterprise No.	SE-556187-9387
Contact person	Johan Thynell

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

Telephone number: See National Telephone Number (112)

Description: Poison control center

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to  
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
[CLP / GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Skin Sens. 1; H317

Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Acute Tox. 4; H332

STOT SE 3; H335

Repr. 2; H361d

STOT RE 1; H372

Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

Flam. Liq. 3; H226

In compliance with ATP nr.

CLP14- 2020/217

CLP classification, comments

Blandning

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Composition on the label

Styren, Phthalic anhydride, Maleic anhydride, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
H372 Causes damage to organs of hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P243 Take action to prevent static discharge.  
P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face

protection.

P309+P311 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to approved waste receivers.

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB

The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

## SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Composition type	Mixture			
Substance	Identification	Classification	Contents	Notes
Styren	CAS No.: 100-42-5 EC No.: 202-851-5 Index No.: 601-026-00-0	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 1; H372	40 - 50 %	
Hydrocarbons, C4-, 1, 3-butadiene-free, polymerized, triisobutylene fraction, hydrogenated	CAS No.: 93685-81-5 EC No.: 297-629-8	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	0,5 - 1,5 %	
Phthalic anhydride	CAS No.: 85-44-9 EC No.: 201-607-5 Index No.: 607-009-00-4	Acute tox. 4; H302; STOT SE 3; H335; Skin Irrit. 2; H315; Eye Dam. 1; H318; Resp. Sens. 1; H334; Skin Sens. 1; H317;	≤ 0,3 %	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	CAS No.: 112945-52-5 EC No.: 231-545-4 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119379499-16	CLP classification, notes: Not classified	> 0,1 %	
Ethanediol	CAS No.: 107-21-1 EC No.: 203-473-3 Index No.: 603-027-00-1	Acute tox. 4; H302;	≤ 0,1 %	
Maleic anhydride	CAS No.: 108-31-6 EC No.: 203-571-6 Index No.: 607-096-00-9	Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 1; H372 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1A; H317	≤ 0,1 %	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	CAS No.: 34590-94-8 EC No.: 252-104-2	CLP classification, notes: Not classified	≤ 0,1 %	
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	CAS No.: 107-98-2 EC No.: 203-539-1 Index No.: 603-064-00-3	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; STOT SE 3; H336;	≤ 0,1 %	
Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS No.: 136-52-7 EC No.: 205-250-6 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119524678-29	Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 1B; H360Fd Aquatic Acute 1; H400;	0,01 < 0,1 %	

M-factor M=1  
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory problems, artificial respiration/oxygen. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water or eyewash solution for up to 10 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Recommended personal protective equipment for first aid responders	Use personal protective equipment as required.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects	Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Delayed symptoms and effects	Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs of hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment	Treat symptomatically.
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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.
Improper extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards	Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Carbon monoxide (CO).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighting procedures	Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection measures	For personal protection, see section 8. Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. Do not smoke or use open fire, or other sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Evacuate area.
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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary measures	Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment	Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Keep combustibles away from spilled material.
Other information	Remove sources of ignition. Beware of the explosion danger.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions	See also section 7, 8 & 13.
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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling	Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Flammable/combustible - Keep away from oxidisers, heat and flames. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Avoid eating, drinking and smoking when using the product.
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### Protective safety measures

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Private clothes and working clothes should be kept separately.
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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.
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Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with oxidising agents.  
Store isolated from reducing agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Substance	Identification	Exposure limits	TWA Year
Styren	CAS No.: 100-42-5	Limit value (8 h) : 100 ppm Limit value (8 h) : 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 250 ppm <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA Year: 2011
Phthalic anhydride	CAS No.: 85-44-9	Limit value (8 h) : 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Exposure limit letter</b> Letter code: Sen	
Maleic anhydride	CAS No.: 108-31-6	Limit value (8 h) : 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Exposure limit letter</b> Letter code: Sen	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	CAS No.: 34590-94-8	Limit value (8 h) : 50 ppm <b>Exposure limit letter</b> Letter code: Sk	
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	CAS No.: 107-98-2	Limit value (8 h) : 100 ppm Limit value (8 h) : 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 150 ppm <b>Limit value (short term)</b> Value: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Exposure limit letter</b> Letter code: Sk	
Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS No.: 136-52-7	Limit value (8 h) : 0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>Exposure limit letter</b> Letter description: Carc (cobalt dichloride and sulphate) , Sen.	TWA Year: 2005

### DNEL / PNEC

DNEL

Group: Professional  
Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)  
Value: 0,4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Reference: Maleinsyranhydrid

PNEC

Route of exposure: Freshwater  
 Value: 0,04281 mg/l  
 Reference: Maleinsyraanhydrid

Substance

Styren

DNEL

**Group:** Industrial  
**Route of exposure:** Acute inhalation (systemic)  
**Value:** 289

**Group:** Industrial  
**Route of exposure:** Acute inhalation (local)  
**Value:** 306 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Industrial  
**Route of exposure:** Long-term dermal (systemic)  
**Value:** 406

**Group:** Industrial  
**Route of exposure:** Long-term inhalation (systemic)  
**Value:** 85 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Consumer  
**Route of exposure:** Acute inhalation (systemic)  
**Value:** 174,25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Consumer  
**Route of exposure:** Acute inhalation (local)  
**Value:** 182,75 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Consumer  
**Route of exposure:** Long-term dermal (systemic)  
**Value:** 343

**Group:** Consumer  
**Route of exposure:** Long-term inhalation (systemic)  
**Value:** 10,2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Consumer  
**Route of exposure:** Long-term oral (systemic)  
**Value:** 2,1

PNEC

**Route of exposure:** Freshwater  
**Value:** 0,028 mg/l

**Route of exposure:** Saltwater  
**Value:** 0,0028 mg/l

**Route of exposure:** Freshwater sediments  
**Value:** 0,614 mg/kg

**Route of exposure:** Saltwater sediments  
**Value:** 0,0614 mg/kg

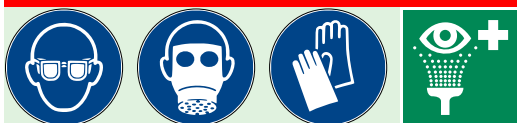
**Route of exposure:** Soil  
**Value:** 0,2 mg/kg

**Route of exposure:** Sewage treatment plant STP

	<b>Value:</b> 5 mg/l
Substance	Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
DNEL	<b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term oral (systemic) <b>Value:</b> 55,8 µg/kg bw/day  <b>Group:</b> Industrial <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term inhalation (local) <b>Value:</b> 235 µg/m³  <b>Group:</b> Consumer <b>Route of exposure:</b> Long-term inhalation (local) <b>Value:</b> 37 µg/m³
PNEC	<b>Route of exposure:</b> Freshwater <b>Value:</b> 0,51 µg/l <b>Reference:</b> (information refers to Cobalt)  <b>Route of exposure:</b> Saltwater <b>Value:</b> 2,36 µg/l <b>Reference:</b> (information refers to Cobalt)  <b>Route of exposure:</b> Sediment <b>Value:</b> 9,5 mg/kg <b>Reference:</b> (information refers to Cobalt)  <b>Route of exposure:</b> Soil <b>Value:</b> 7,9 mg/kg <b>Reference:</b> (information refers to Cobalt)  <b>Route of exposure:</b> Sewage treatment plant STP <b>Value:</b> 0,37 mg/l <b>Reference:</b> (information refers to Cobalt)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Safety signs



### Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide eyewash, quick drench.
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### Eye / face protection

Suitable eye protection	Wear approved, tight fitting safety glasses where splashing is probable.
Eye protection, comments	Do not wear contact lenses.



## Hand protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves.

The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

## Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing

Anti-static boots.

## Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection

At work in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, respiratory protection with air supply must be used.

## Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls

See also section 6.2.

## Appropriate environmental exposure control

Safety measures for consumer use of the chemical

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Blue.
Colour intensity	Translucent.
Odour	Solvent.
Odour limit	Value: 0,15 ppm Test reference: Styren
Flash point	Value: 31 °C Method: closed cup
Vapour pressure	Value: 6,7 hPa Test reference: Styren Temperature: 20 °C
Vapour density	Value: 1.08 - 1.12 g/cm³
Relative density	Value: 1,10 - 1,20
Solubility	Medium: Water Comments: Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Value: 3 Test reference: Styren
Auto-ignition temperature	Value: 490 °C Test reference: Styren
Viscosity	Value: > 0,4 cm²/s Temperature: 40 °C

Value: 1100 - 1300 mPa.s  
Temperature: 23 °C

## 9.2. Other information

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate 0,49 (BuAc = 1)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Heating may cause a fire.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal temperature conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions In use, flammable/explosive vapor-air mixtures may form.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid  
Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.  
Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid  
Avoid contact with oxidising agents.  
Strong reducing agents.  
Inorganic peroxides.  
Organic peroxides/hydroperoxides.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity  
Type of toxicity: Acute  
Effect tested: LD50  
Route of exposure: Oral  
Value: 2650 mg/kg  
Species: Rat  
Comments: Styren  
  
Type of toxicity: Acute  
Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Oral  
 Value: 1530 mg/kg  
 Species: Rat  
 Comments: Ftalsyraanhydrid

Type of toxicity: Acute  
 Effect tested: LC50  
 Route of exposure: Inhalation.  
 Duration: 4 h  
 Value: 2770 ppm  
 Species: Rat  
 Comments: Styren (vapor)

Type of toxicity: Acute  
 Effect tested: LC50  
 Route of exposure: Inhalation.  
 Duration: 4 h  
 Value: 11800 mg/m3  
 Species: Rat  
 Comments: Styren (vapor)

Effect tested: LD50  
 Route of exposure: Oral  
 Method: OECD 425  
 Value: 3129 mg/kg  
 Species: Rat  
 Comments: kobaltoktoat, CAS-nr 136-52-7

### Other information regarding health hazards

Inhalation of vapor	6939,5 ppm (ATE-value, gas) 29,56 mg/l (ATE-value, vapor))
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Irritation	Styren Skin - slightly irritating (rabbit), 500 mg. Skin - moderately irritating (rabbit), 100%.
Eye irritation	Styrene: Eyes - slightly irritant (human) 50 ppm. Eyes - moderately irritating (rabbit), 24 h, 100 mg. Eyes - Severe irritant (rabbit), 100 mg.
Respiratory sensitisation, human experience	May cause allergic contact eczema.
Sensitisation	Phthalic anhydride: allergenic (guinea pig)
Chronic effects	Styrene: Chronic dermal NOAEL (rat) 615 mg / kg.

	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Gas (rat) 20 ppm.
	Pphthalic anhydride: Chronic Oral NOAEL (rat) of 500 mg / kg.
Mutagenicity	Phthalic anhydride: negative, OECD 479 Genetic Toxicology (mammals).
Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification	Inconclusive data.
Carcinogenicity, other information	Not entered.
Assessment of carcinogenicity, classification	Inconclusive data.
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
Assessment of reproductive toxicity, classification	Known or suspected teratogen.
Irritation to respiratory tract	Human experience: May cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Assessment of specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, classification	Causes damage to organs on the central nervous system and the ears through prolonged or repeated exposure .

## Symptoms of exposure

In case of ingestion	However, ingestion may cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
In case of skin contact	Skin irritation. Allergic rash.
In case of inhalation	General respiratory distress, unproductive cough.
In case of eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

## 11.2 Other information

Endocrine disruption	No information available.
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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity, fish	Value: 4020 µg/l Test duration: 96 h Species: Pimephales promelas Method: LC50 Test reference: Styren (sötvatten)
Aquatic toxicity, algae	Value: 33 mg/l Test duration: 96 h Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Method: EC50 Test reference: Styren (sötvatten)
Acute aquatic, algae LCLo	Value: > 100 mg/l Test duration: 72 h Species: Alger Method: Akut NOEC

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean	Test reference: Ftalsyraanhydrid
	Value: 1,01 mg/l
	Test duration: 21 days
	Species: Daphnia
	Method: Kronisk NOEC
Ecotoxicity	Test reference: Styren
	The product is harmful to aquatic organisms. The product may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability description/evaluation	The components of the product are easily degradable
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## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	Low: Styrene (BCF: 13.39).
	Low: Phthalic anhydride (BCF: 3.4).

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility	LogKoc: 2,55 (Styren)
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## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.
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## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties	No information available.
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## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects, comments	None known.
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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Specify the appropriate methods of disposal	Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Make sure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk).
Other information	When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to handling of the product.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

Dangerous goods	Yes
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## 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN	1866
IMDG	1866

ICAO/IATA	1866
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#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN	RESIN SOLUTION
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IMDG	RESIN SOLUTION
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ICAO/IATA	RESIN SOLUTION
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#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN	3
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IMDG	3
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ICAO/IATA	3
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#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN	III
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IMDG	III
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ICAO/IATA	III
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#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID/ADN	No
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ADN	No
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IMDG	No
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IMDG Marine pollutant	No
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ICAO/IATA	No
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#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Transport in bulk (yes/no)	No
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#### ADR/RID Other information

Tunnel restriction code	D/E
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Limited quantity	5 L
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Special provisions	640E
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Hazard No.	30
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#### ADN Other information

Special provisions	640E
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#### IMDG Other information

Additional information IMDG	F-E, _S-E_
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Special provisions	223, 955
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## ICAO/IATA Other information

Limited quantity	Passenger and cargo aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo aircraft only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited quantities - Passenger aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.
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Special provisions	A3
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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EEC-directive	Seveso II Directive: category P5c
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References (laws/regulations)	(EG) nr 1907/2006 (REACH). (EG) nr 1272/2008 (CLP). EH40/2005 (with changes)
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### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment	This product contains substances for which chemical safety assessment has not yet been made.
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## SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360Fd May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
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Information added, deleted or revised	2022-12-13: *changed substances in 3.2, * changed H-phrases and P-phrases, * updated according to EU 2020/878.
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Checking quality of information

This information is based on the information known to us at the time of preparation and it has been given in good faith and on the condition that the product is used under normal conditions and in accordance with the specified method of use. Any other use of the product, possibly together with other products or processes, is at the user's own risk.

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